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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/845,643	04/30/2001	Srikar Rao		3965		
23643	7590 05/14/2003					
BARNES & THORNBURG			EXAMINER			
II SOUTH M INDIANAPOI	ERIDIAN LIS, IN 46204		WONG, ST	WONG, STEVEN B		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3711	/		
			DATE MAILED: 05/14/2003	77		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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,	Application	No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Comme	09/845,643	_	RAO, SRIKAR		
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	_	
	Steven Won		3711		
The MAILING DATE of this comm	unication appears on the c	ver sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU - Extensions of time may be available under the provising after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this composition of the period for reply specified above is less than third of the NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for really received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) Status	JNICATION. ions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, ommunication. by (30) days, a reply within the statutor m statutory period will apply and will ex eply will, by statute, cause the applicat ths after the mailing date of this comm	however, may a reply be tin y minimum of thirty (30) day pire SIX (6) MONTHS from ion to become ABANDONE	mely filed rs will be considered timely. I the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 March 2003				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.	2b) ☐ This action is no	n-final			
3)☐ Since this application is in condi	,—		rosecution as to the merits is		
closed in accordance with the properties of Claims					
4) Claim(s) <u>1-3,7,9,10 and 13-17</u> is.	/are pending in the applica	tion.			
4a) Of the above claim(s)i	s/are withdrawn from cons	deration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,7,9,10 and 13-17</u> is/	are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to).				
8) Claim(s) are subject to res	striction and/or election req	uirement.			
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/a	re: a)□ accepted or b)□ ob	jected to by the Exa	miner.		
Applicant may not request that any	-				
11) The proposed drawing correction			oved by the Examiner.		
If approved, corrected drawings are	, , , , ,	e action.			
12) The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a cla		r 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).		
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None o	of:				
1. Certified copies of the prior					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copi application from the Int * See the attached detailed Office at 	ernational Bureau (PCT Ri	ıle 17.2(a)).	-		
14) Acknowledgment is made of a clair		•			
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a clai	language provisional appli	cation has been red	ceived.		
Attachment(s)	acinocho pilottiy uliu				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1448)	w (PTO-948) 5		y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)		
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Action Summary		Part of Paper No. 15		

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 6, 7, 13 and 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Giglio. Regarding claims 1, 6, 13 and 17, Giglio discloses a golf ball marker and holder comprising a clip (20) and a ball marker (24), which is attached to the clip by a magnet (16). The clip defines a circular recessed cavity (32), which receives the ball marker. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to remove the golf tee attachment surface (48) from the accessory of Giglio in order to provide a simpler device. Further, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to form the clip of Giglio from a monolithic piece in order to simplify construction of the clip by permitting processes such as molding.

Regarding claims 3 and 7, the marker is made from a ferrous material and the ball marker is magnetic.

Regarding claim 16, the ball marker of Giglio obviously possesses a rim that would facilitate removal of the marker from the recess.

Regarding claim 18, the golf ball holder of Giglio is obviously capable of being attached to a shoe and thus, is obviously shaped for attachment to a shoe.

3. Claims 4, 5, 9, 10 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Giglio in view of Kennedy. Regarding claims 4, 9 and 15, Giglio provides a means (32) for removing the ball marker from the cavity.

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Kennedy reveals a golf mark retaining device including a recess (16) and an indentation (60) for assisting in grasping the ball marker. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to replace the means (32) of Giglio for removing the ball marker from the cavity with the indentation of Kennedy in order to assist the user in removing the ball marker from the cavity.

Regarding claims 5 and 10, Giglio states that it is well known in the art to provide indicia on the top surface of ball markers such as the name of a golf equipment manufacturer (column 2, lines 8-11).

4. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Giglio in view of Buckman. Buckman discloses a golf ball marker and carrying tool comprising a recess (4) sized for receiving a ball marker (7) and magnet (6). Note Figure 2 which shows the ball marker protruding slightly past the outer surface of the recess. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the ball marker of Giglio extend slightly past the recess in order to facilitate removal of the ball marker.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed March 12 and 21, 2003 have been fully considered but are not deemed to be persuasive. Applicant's statement that the office action does not address the limitation for the clip to be free of golf tee attachment surfaces is without merit. Attention is drawn to page 2 of the office action where it is stated "It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to remove the golf tee attachment surface (48) from the accessory of Giglio in order to provide a simpler device."

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Regarding the limitation for the clip to be size for attachment to a shoe, the golf tool of Giglio is obviously capable of being attached to a shoe and thus, is obviously sized for attachment to a shoe. The pile section (40) of the glove, the ball marker (24) and the golf tee (26) all give a frame of reference for the size of the clip of the golf tool and none of these would lead of ordinary skill in the art from believing that the clip is sized so that it is capable of being attached to a golf shoe.

Regarding the limitation for the tool to be monolithic, instant claim 13 defines "a monolithic strip having two portions forming the legs of a generally U-shaped member". The office action clearly states that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to form the clip of Giglio from a monolithic piece in order to simplify construction of the clip by permitting processes such as molding. The office action does not state that the hook surface for attaching the golf thereto is formed in the monolithic structure. The instant claim uses the open language "comprising" and clearly leaves the possibility for additional structures to be added to the monolithic structure.

The applicant should note that the elimination of the golf tee holder from the tool of Giglio amounts to nothing more than a removal of parts and their associated functions. See *In re Karlson*, 136 USPQ 184 and *In re Wilson et al*, 153 USPQ 740.

The applicant should also note that the formation of the golf tee holder of Giglio as a single integral piece instead of the referenced structures is a matter of obvious engineering choice. See In re Larson, Russler and Meldahl 144 USPO 347.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on

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obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

Regarding the combination of Giglio in view of Kennedy, the applicant argues the motivation to replace the means (32) of Giglio for removing the ball marker with the means (60) of Kennedy for removing his ball marker. However, the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

Attention is also directed to column 5, lines 11-15 of Kennedy describing the fingernail indentation (60) for facilitating removal of the ball marker. The applicant's argument that the replacement of recess of Giglio with the indentation of Kennedy would render the device inoperable is not seen. The indentation of Kennedy is clearly taught as being capable of engaging the fingertip of a user. Clearly this engagement would permit the ball marker to be lifted from the recess. The combination of Giglio in view of Kennedy is seen as providing a recess (16) with an indentation (60) adjacent thereto.

Regarding claim 15, the "means for" language is noted in positively defining the structure described in applicant's specification. To meet the limitations the examiner need provide the

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same structure or obvious equivalents thereto. Here, the combination of Giglio in view of Kennedy provides an obvious equivalent to the structure described in applicant's specification.

Regarding claim 14, the applicant argues that the ball marker storage cavity of Giglio is not suited for modification. However, this is not persuasive as both inventions are directed to golf tools having ball markers removably attached thereto. Replacing the retaining means of Giglio with the retaining means of Buckman would destroy neither reference and, in fact, would still provide golf ball marker retaining means on each tool.

The applicant should also note that the language of claim 14 is such that the rim of the ball marker (24) would appear to anticipate the claim language when interpreted in light of the recess (32).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven Wong whose telephone number is 703-308-3135. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 7am-3:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Sewell can be reached on 703-308-2126. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-3579 for regular communications and 703-308-7768 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1148.

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Steven Wong Primary Examiner Art Unit 3711

SBW May 14, 2003